## Introducing the Exponent Laws

## Multiplying Powers:

Multiplying Powers Rule:
$2^{3} \times 2^{2}=$
$4^{4} \times 4^{3}=$
$5^{2} \times 2^{2}=$

1. Simplify if possible.
a) $2^{4} \times 2^{3}=$
b) $5^{8} \times 5 \times 5^{6}=$
c) $6^{5} \times 2 \times 6^{4}$

Dividing Powers:
$\frac{2^{5}}{2^{3}}=$
$\frac{3^{4}}{5^{2}}=$
2. Simplify if possible.
a) $\frac{4^{3}}{4^{2}}=$
b) $\frac{10^{50}}{10^{46}}=$
c) $\frac{3^{5} \times 3^{15}}{3^{10}}$
d) $\frac{7^{6}}{7^{6}}$
e) $\frac{4^{3}}{4^{5}}$
3. Use examples 2 d and 2 e to determine the following rules:

| Zero exponent law: | Negative exponent law: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

## Scientific Notation:

4. Convert to scientific notation:

Distance from earth to the sun is about 93000000 mi .
Mass of a hydrogen atom is about 0.00000000000000000000000017 g .
5. Convert to decimal notation:
$6.402 \times 10^{14}=$
$5 \times 10^{-8}=$
6. Multiply and divide in scientific notation:
a) $\left(1.12 \times 10^{-8}\right)\left(5 \times 10^{-7}\right)=$
b) $\left(9.1 \times 10^{-17}\right)\left(8.2 \times 10^{3}\right)=$
c) $\frac{\left(4.2 \times 10^{5}\right)}{\left(2.1 \times 10^{-8}\right)}=$
d) $\frac{\left(1.1 \times 10^{-4}\right)}{\left(2 \times 10^{-7}\right)}$

Assignment:

1. (a) $2^{2} \times 2^{2}$
2. (a) $\frac{3^{5}}{3^{4}}$
3. (a) $10^{6}$
(b) $3^{2} \times 2^{3}$
(b) $\frac{7^{2}}{7^{2}}$
(b) $3^{5}$
(c) $21^{0}$
(c) $\frac{8^{1}}{8^{7}}$
(d) $71^{1}$
(c) $5^{7} \times 5^{7}$
(d) $\frac{3^{2}}{3^{-2}}$
(e) $0^{1}$
(e) $4^{3} \times 6^{5} \times 4^{2}$
(e) $\frac{1^{738293}}{1^{45802}}$
(f) $1^{0}+2^{0}+3^{0}+4^{0}+5^{0}$
(g) $4^{2}+9^{2}-3^{2}$
(f) $3^{3} 3^{-3}$
(f) $\frac{6^{-5}}{6^{-8}}$
(g) $7^{4} 7^{7} 7^{-9}$
4. If you have $0<10^{\mathrm{n}}<1000000000$. What is the max value of $3^{-\mathrm{n}}$ ?
5. Multiply. Leave answer in scientific notation.
a) $\left(2.3 \times 10^{6}\right)\left(4.2 \times 10^{-11}\right)$
b) $\left(6.5 \times 10^{3}\right)\left(5.2 \times 10^{-8}\right)$
c) $\left(2.34 \times 10^{-8}\right)\left(5.7 \times 10^{-4}\right)$
d) $\left(3.26 \times 10^{-6}\right)\left(8.2 \times 10^{9}\right)$
6. Divide. Leave answer in scientific notation.
a) $\frac{8.5 \times 10^{8}}{3.4 \times 10^{5}}$
b) $\frac{5.1 \times 10^{6}}{3.4 \times 10^{3}}$
c) $\frac{4.0 \times 10^{-6}}{8.0 \times 10^{-3}}$
d) $\frac{7.5 \times 10^{-9}}{2.5 \times 10^{-4}}$
7. Calculate. Leave answer in scientific notation.
a) $\frac{\left(6.1 \times 10^{4}\right)\left(7.2 \times 10^{-6}\right)}{9.8 \times 10^{-4}}$
b) $\frac{\left(8.05 \times 10^{-11}\right)\left(5.9 \times 10^{7}\right)}{3.1 \times 10^{14}}$
8. The distance light travels in 100 yr is approximately $5.87 \times 10^{14} \mathrm{mi}$.
a) How far does light travel in 13 weeks?
b) Calculate the number of kilometers light travels in 13 weeks given 1 mile $=1.609$ kilometers.

Challenge: Compare $8 \times 10^{-90}$ and $9 \times 10^{-91}$. Which is the larger value? How much larger? Write scientific notation for the difference

