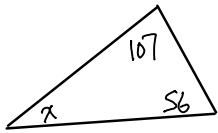
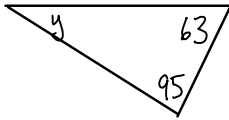


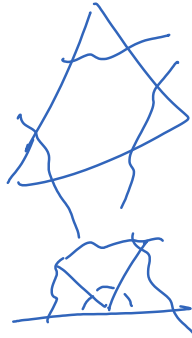
The angle sum of a triangle is  $180^\circ$



$$x = \underline{17^\circ}$$



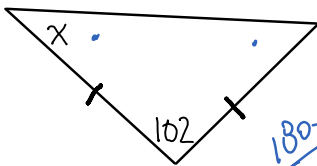
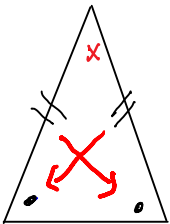
$$y = \underline{22^\circ}$$



Proof: Triangle angle sum is 180

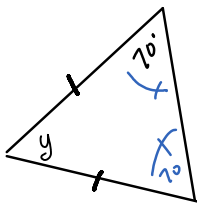
$x + y + z = 180^\circ$   
QED

Isosceles triangles have two equal sides and two equal angles



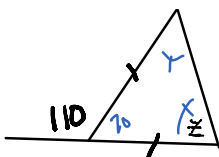
$$x = \underline{39^\circ}$$

$$x = \frac{180 - 102}{2}$$



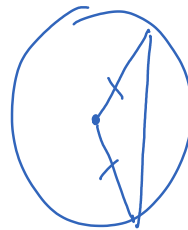
$$y = \underline{40^\circ}$$

$$180 - (2 \times 70)$$

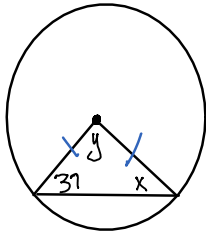


$$z = \underline{55^\circ}$$

$$z = \frac{180 - 70}{2}$$

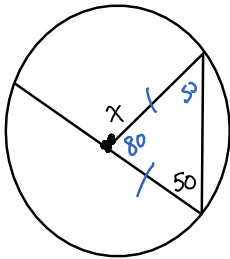


Since the radii of a circle are equal, triangles with 2 radii for sides are isosceles.



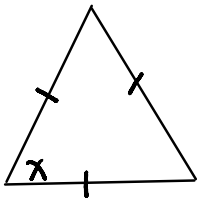
$$x = \underline{37^\circ}$$

$$y = \underline{106^\circ}$$

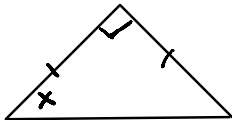


$$x = \underline{100^\circ}$$

Equilateral triangles have three equal sides and three equal angles



$$x = \underline{60^\circ}$$



$$x = \underline{45^\circ}$$

Assign: pages (6), (7), (8)

