## Chapter 7: Linear Equations

## 7.1b Slope-Intercept Form

Graph $y=-3 x-2$
slope:
$y$-int:


Graph $y=1 / 3 x+4$
slope:
$y$-int:


In general, to write the equation of a straight-line graph, you can use the following two constants:

- $\qquad$
- $\qquad$

In general, the equation of a non-vertical line graph can be written in slope-intercept form:

## Example:

a) What is the slope and $y$-intercept of each line shown in the graphs below?
b) What is the equations of each line in slope-intercept form?
i)

ii)

iii)

iv) slope -2 , through $(0,1)$

Graph the following equations using the slope and $y$-intercept.
a) $y=2 x-3$

b) $y=-x+1$

c) $y=3 x$

d) $y=7$


- If we want to use the slope and $y$-intercept to graph an equation like $4 x+3 y=6$, we have to solve the equation for y in order to get the equation in the form $y=m x+b$, where $m$ is the slope and $b$ is the $y$-intercept.
Change each equation into $y=m x+b$ by solving for y
a) $3 x+y=6$
c) $4 x+3 y=6$
b) $2 x-6 y=6$
d) $3 x-4 y-6=0$

3. Consider the equation $y=2 x+b$ What is each value of " b " if a graph of the line passes through each point?
a) $(2,1)$
b) $x$-intercept - 2
4. For the equation $y=m x-2$, what is each value of " $m$ " if the line passes through each point?
a) $(-2,2)$
b) $x$-intercept 2
